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Turin, September 16. N. S.

THE 10th Inſtant the Duke de la Feuillade, having cauſed two Bridges to be made over the Doire, paſſed that River with a ſtrong Guard, and 4 Pieces of Cannon, in order to view the Ground on this ſide, and advanced ſo near to our main Guard, that they were obliged to retire under the Cannon of the Town. He ordered a Redoubt to be traced at the head of the two Bridges on this ſide the Doire, and afterwards returned to his Quarters. The 11th the Enemy received a great Convoy of Mortars, Bombs, &c. from Chivas, and, as we are told, a conſiderable Sum of Money from Milan. We had alſo an Account, That they had repaired their Bridge at Buſſolini, ordered the Roads from their Camp to Suſa to be mended, and ſent 400 Oxen thither to draw the Artillery they expect from that Town. The 12th we perceived that the Enemy were making ſeveral Redoubts and Intrenchments about their Camp, to prevent any Surprize from our Parties. Divers Deſerters which came over to us this day gave an Account, That the 5 Battalions which went lately from Nice into Provence are on their March to join the Duke de la Feuillade; as alſo a Detachment of 500 Men from the Troops which are before Montmelian. We are told, that the Enemy's quitting Aſti about a fortnight ago was the Effect of a Miſtake in the Orders diſpatched for that purpoſe, their Intention being to have abandoned Acqui, in the ſtead of which the Perſon who wrote thoſe Orders inſerted Aſti. The Duke de Vendoſme and the Duke de la Feuillade were ſurpriſed when they heard of their Troops having abandoned that Place, and gave Orders that they ſhould march back again and repoſſeſs themſelves of it, which 500 Men of the Militia of Montferrate, ſupported by two Regiments of Foot, endeavoured to do laſt week; but our Duke had already ſent thither a Gariſon of 150 Foot; ſo the Enemy, having no Cannon, were ſoon obliged to retire, and in their Retreat they committed great Diſorders, and burnt ſeveral Country-Houſes. His Royal Highneſs has ſince ſent 250 Horſe towards Aſti, to cover and ſupport the Gariſon. The 14th the Enemy, having erected a Battery of 4 Pieces of Cannon on the other ſide of the Doire, began to fire upon one of our Redoubts, in hopes to have diſturbed our Workmen; but finding it was to no manner of purpoſe, they gave over, and their Artillery has been very ſilent ever ſince. They have finiſhed the Redoubt that covers their two Bridges, and have placed 4 Pieces of Cannon there. We hear they have ordered 6000 Pioneers, and 3000 Carts, to be provided by the Inhabitants of the Milaneze and Montferrate, to be employed in the Siege of this Place. The Sickneſs continues to rage in their Camp; and yeſterday they ſent 500 more of their ſick and wounded Men down to Caſal; beſides which they have above 2000 ſick ſtill in their Camp. His Royal Highneſs has ordered the Towers of the old Caſtle and Palace to be vaulted and terraſſed, to prevent the Effect of the Bombs in caſe of a Siege or Bombarding; and has given ſeveral Orders for the ſecuring of the Houſes in the Town; and appointed Commiſſaries in every quarter of the Town to ſee them put in execution. About 500 French, who ſettled here ſince the laſt War, were ordered to leave the Town, and moſt of them are removed to Quieri, Montcullier and Foſſano. A Party of our Huſſars being lately ſent out towards Creſcentino, fell in with 300 of the Enemy's Foot, who were marching thither: They placed themſelves at the head of them, as if they had belonged to the ſame Party; and marching thus unſuſpected till they came near to the Town, took their opportunity to get into the Meadows, and brought off about 30 Horſes they found there, without ſuffering any Loſs. The Prince of Piedmont is perfectly recovered of his late Indiſpoſition, to the great Joy of this Court.

Vienna, September 23. An Officer arrived here the 20th Inſtant from the Archbiſhop of Colocza, with Paſſes from Prince Ragotzki for the Miniſters of Her Majeſty of Great Britain and the States General, who are to act as Mediators in the Negociation for putting an end to the Troubles in Hungary, to repair to the Place of Treaty. The Imperial Army under the Command of General Herbeville having paſſed the Danube the 16th, to march towards Tranſilvania, the Chief of the Malecontents who were met at Setzchin have broke up their Aſſembly, and are gone to their reſpective Poſts, in order to oppoſe the Imperialiſts. Yeſterday the Emperor received the Homage of the States of the Lower Auſtria, which was performed with great Solemnity; and on this Occaſion *Te Deum* was ſung, and our Cannon was thrice diſcharged, as were alſo the ſmall Arms of our Gariſon, which was drawn out for that purpoſe. Monſieur Oberg, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of Hanover, who was ſent hither to make the uſual Compliments to the Emperor, in the Name of his Electoral Highneſs, upon his Imperial Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, ſet out from hence laſt night for Ratisbon.

Breſlaw, Sept. 26. Letters from Dreſden give an Account, That the King of Poland had cauſed the Biſhop of Ermland, one of the principal Senators of that Kingdom, who was then at Dreſden attending his Majeſty, to be ſeized, upon the intercepting of ſome Letters, which made Diſcovery of ſome dangerous Correſpondencies he held in Poland. His Majeſty's Forces continued encamped at Guben; and it was ſaid he would ſhortly put himſelf at the head of them, in order to march into Poland. The King of Sweden, according to the laſt Advices from thence, continued near Warſaw with the main Body of his Troops. It was ſaid, that the Cardinal Primate perſiſted in his Refuſal to perform the Ceremony of Crowning the new Elected King Staniſlaus, or to concern himſelf with publick Affairs. The Gariſon of Mittau having ſurrendred to the Muſcovites the 15th Inſtant upon Articles, was conducted to Riga. A Detachment of the Muſcovite Troops was going to attack the Caſtle of Bautske; but it is believed the Siege of Riga will not be undertaken by them this Year, the Czar having ſent part of his Troops towards Grodno, and intending, as was ſaid, to follow in Perſon with the reſt of them, except a Body of 12000 Men which was to be left in Courland, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Roſen.

Bern, Sept. 26. Letters from Milan of the 19th Inſtant ſay, That Prince Eugene had received a Reinforcement of 1800 Men and ſome Pieces of Cannon from Germany, and was expecting further Succours, which would enable him to attempt a ſecond time to paſs the Adda, and march to the Aſſiſtance of the Duke of Savoy.

Francfort, October 1. The Imperial Army under Prince Lewis, and the French Army commanded by the Marſhal de Villars, continue in the ſame Camps, the former at Wierſheim, and the Enemy at Biſchen. A Detachment of the Imperial Forces, conſiſting chiefly of thoſe of Pruſſia, Saxony and Wirtemberg, under the Command of General Thungen, began the Siege of Haguenau the 28th paſt; and it is ſaid, that after they have made themſelves Maſters of that Place, the Pruſſian and Wirtemberg Troops will be detached to attack Hombourg. The Circles of Franconia, Swabia and Bavaria, are to ſend Deputies to Ratisbon, to meet there the 19th Inſtant, in order to ſettle divers Matters relating to the Coin which is current in theſe Countries.

Hague,